Community Elements in North Pacific Catch Share Plans

GAYLA MAUREEN

Michael Downs, Ph.D. Stev Weidlich, M.S.



Overview of North Pacific Community Elements and BSAI Crab Rationalization Example

- Background of the BSAI crab fishery
- North Pacific context of catch share community elements
- Pre- and post-implementation measures of change
- Initial allocation and most recent season measures of change
- Efficacy of community measures
- Other social impact issues



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Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands (BSAI) Fishery Management Plan Areas



Multiple Crab Fisheries – 2 Major Species

- Bristol Bay red king crab (*Paralithodes camtschaticus*)
- Bering Sea snow crab (Chionoecetes opilio)





BSAI Crab Rationalization Context

- Management trend: Shift from common quota to rationalized (aka "catch share") management systems in the North Pacific region:
 - Halibut
 - Sablefish
 - Pollock
 - Crab
- Substantial fleet consolidation
- Changes in community engagement and dependency
 - Landing patterns
 - Vessel ownership/homeport/activity
 - Crew engagement
 - Support services



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BSAI Crab Rationalization Context

Community elements in other North Pacific catch share plans:

- Western Alaska Community Development Quota program (initially pollock, later multispecies)
- Gulf community quota share purchase program (halibut, sablefish)
- Adak Aleutian Islands pollock fishery allocation
- Others
 - American Fisheries Act
 - Amendment 80
 - Gulf of Alaska Rockfish



How was BSAI crab rationalized?

- Transition from "Derby" or "Olympic" style to a catch share system
- Traditionally vessel owners/fishermen (IFQ), but also processors (PQ) and captains/crew ("C" shares)
- Includes Community Development Quota (CDQ)
- Complex relationship between IFQ, PQ, CDQ, and the different types of shares provided to each entity



BSAI Crab Rationalization: Community Protection Measures

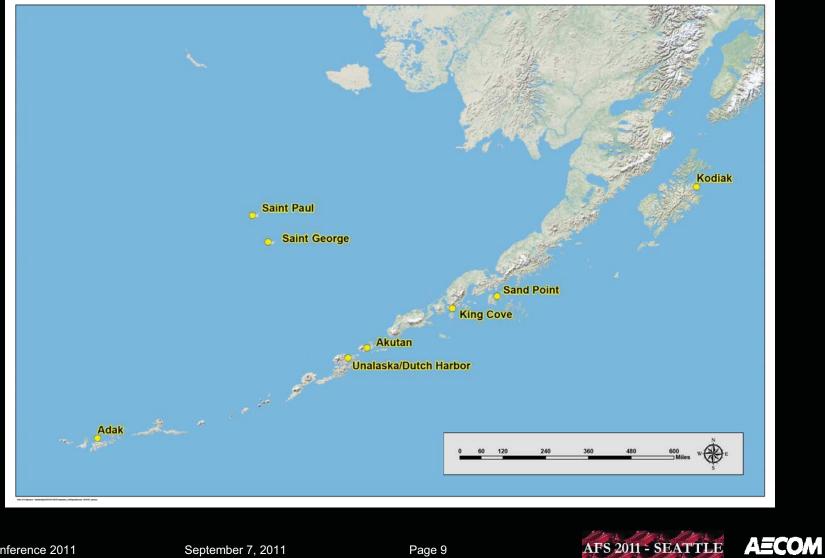
- Focused largely on processing location
- Regionalization of landings
 - Northern region
 - Western region
- Restrictions on processing quota share movement
 - Cooling off period
 - Rights of first refusal
- Direct golden king crab allocation to Adak
- Kodiak GOA based quota sweep up



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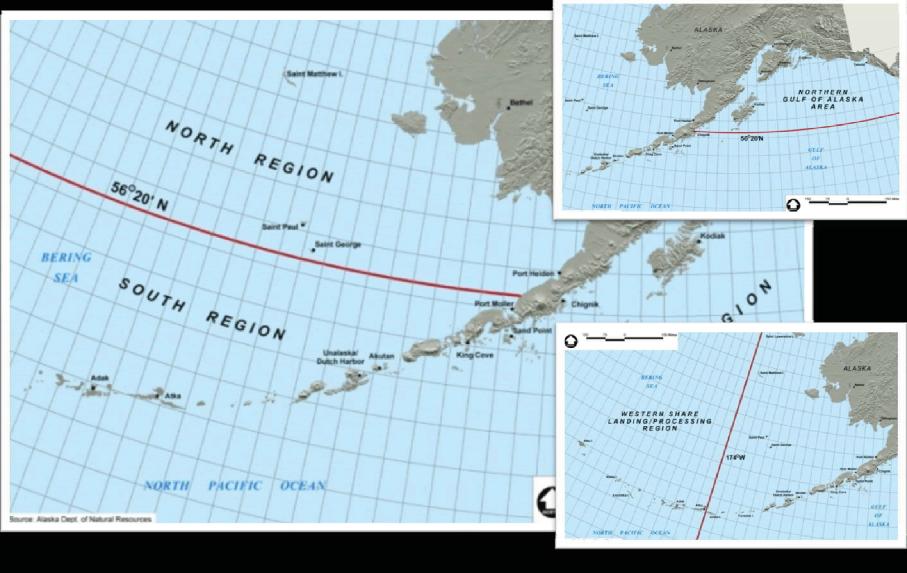
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Alaska BSAI Crab-Dependent Communities (Pre-implementation)



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Regionalization Measures





BSAI Crab Rationalization: Community and Crew Protection Measures

Five year outcomes:

- Nature of fishery has changed
- Communities experience these impacts differently
- "All rationalization is local"



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Patterns of BSAI Crab Vessel Participation by Community of Ownership: Pre-Rationalization

- Alaska (1991-2000 annual average ≥ 2.0 vessels)
 - Kodiak (20.9)
 - Homer (8.3)
 - Anchorage (6.1)
 - Petersburg (4.0)
 - Sand Point (3.8)
 - King Cove (3.1)
 - Unalaska (3.0)
 - Cordova (2.0)
 - Less than 2.0 vessels/year: Kenai, Seldovia,
 Yakutat, Seward, Sitka, Akutan, and Soldotna



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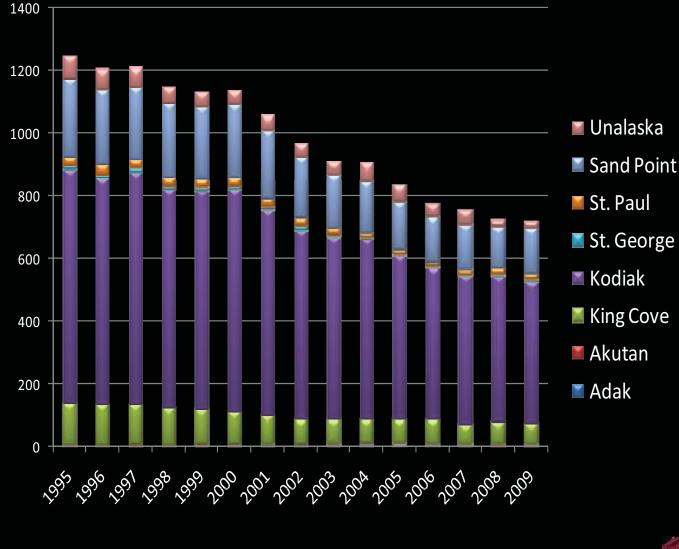
Patterns of BSAI Crab Vessel Participation by Community of Ownership: Pre-Rationalization

- Oregon (1991-2000 annual average ≥ 2.0) – Newport (9.4)
- Washington (1991-2000 annual average ≥ 2.0)
 - Seattle-Tacoma CMSA (146.0)
 - Bellingham (2.3)



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Key Crab Community Trends: Total Vessel Changes in Study Communities

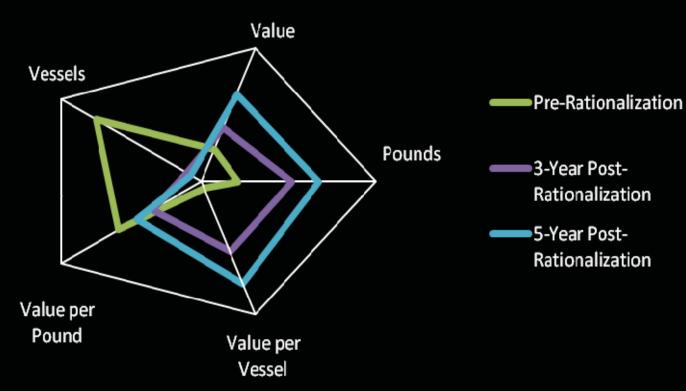




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Changing Nature of Bristol Bay Red King Crab (BBR) Fishery



Phase	Pounds	Value	Vessels	Value per Pound	Value per Vessel
Pre-Rationalization	11,165,019	\$52,936,158	249	\$4.74	\$212,230
3-Year Post- Rationalization	15,266,528	\$61,625,275	85	\$4.04	\$725,003
5-Year Post- Rationalization	17,312,411	\$75,690,248	77	\$4.37	\$982,990

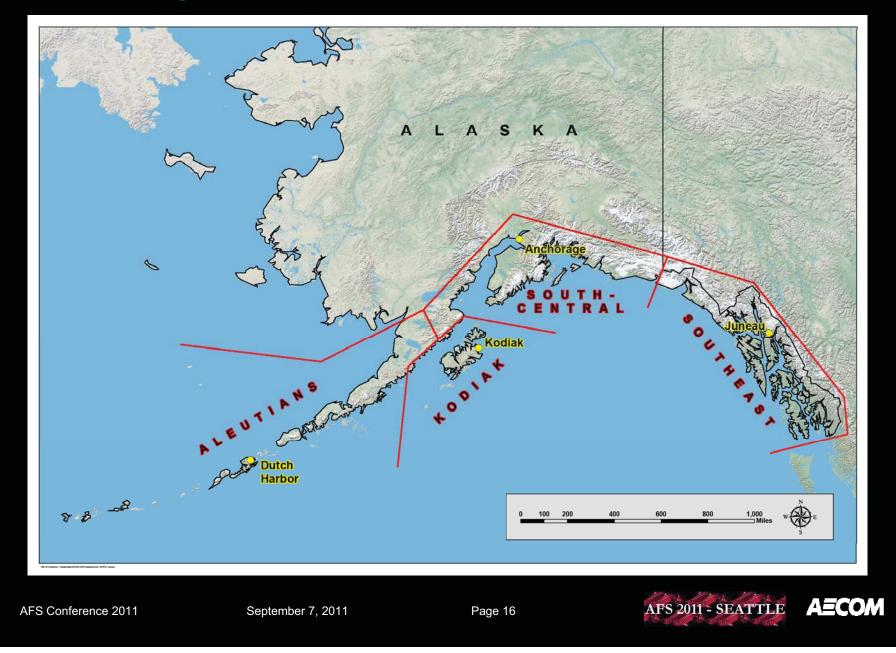
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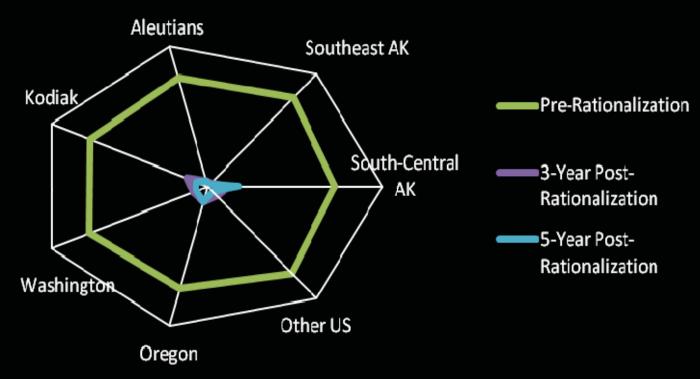




Alaska Regions



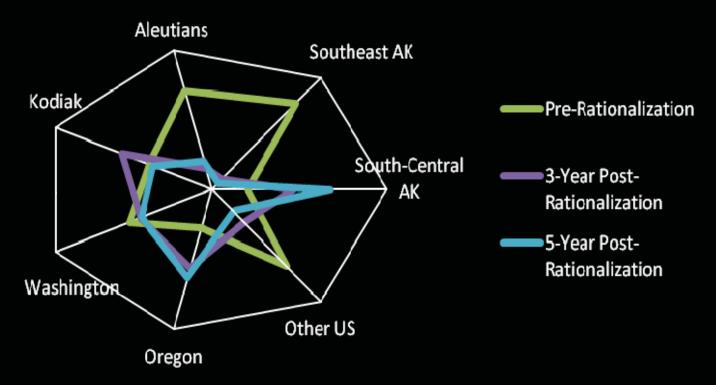
Vessel Ownership Numbers by Region (BBR)





Phase	South-Central AK	Southeast AK	Aleutians	Kodiak	Washington	Oregon	Other US
Pre-Rationalization	15.6	5.6	5.6	33.6	157.9	20.0	6.3
3-Year Post- Rationalization	7.0	0.5	1.0	12.5	51.0	8.5	1.5
5-Year Post- Rationalization	7.8	0.4	1.0	10.4	47.6	8.4	1.2
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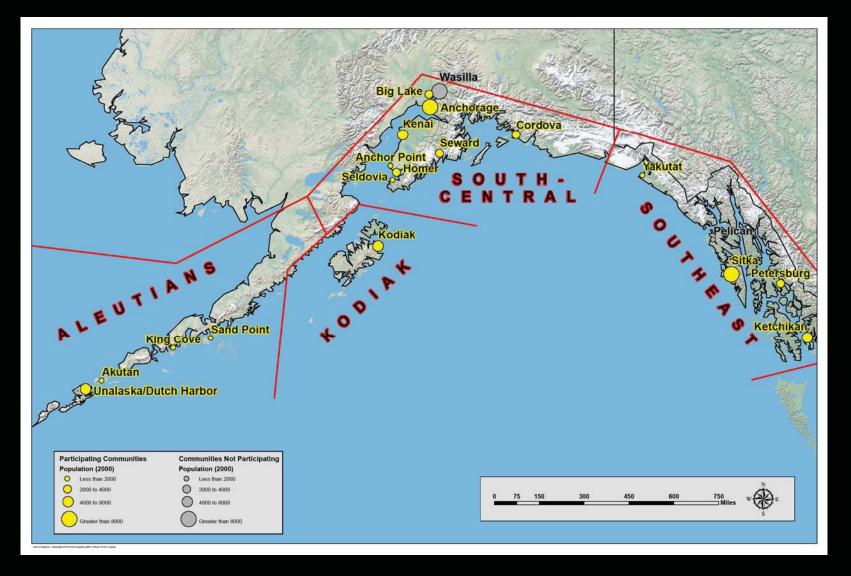
Vessel Ownership Percentage by Region (BBR)





Phase	South-Central AK	Southeast AK	Aleutians	Kodiak	Washington	Oregon	Other US
Pre-Rationalization	6.4%	2.3%	2.3%	13.7%	64.6%	8.2%	2.6%
3-Year Post- Rationalization	8.5%	0.6%	1.2%	15.2% 62.2%		10.4%	1.8%
5-Year Post- Rationalization	10.2%	0.5%	1.3%	13.5%	62.0%	10.9%	1.6%
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Vessel Ownership Pre-Rationalization (BBR)

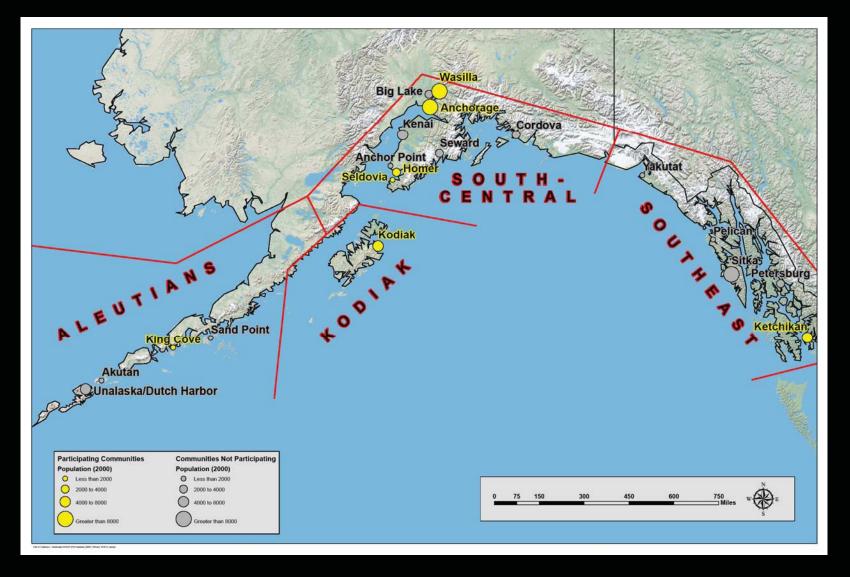


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Vessel Ownership All Years Post-Rationalization (BBR)



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Vessel Ownership Most Recent Year (BBR)

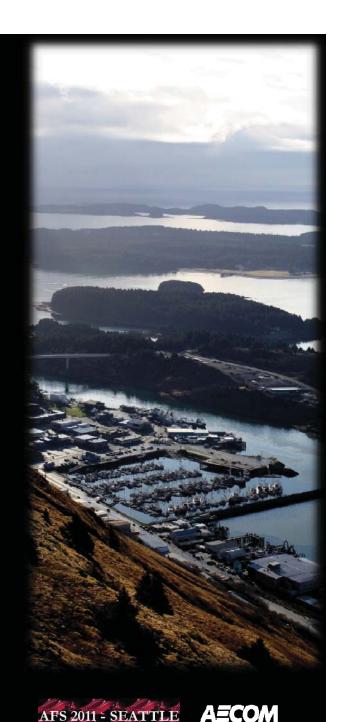


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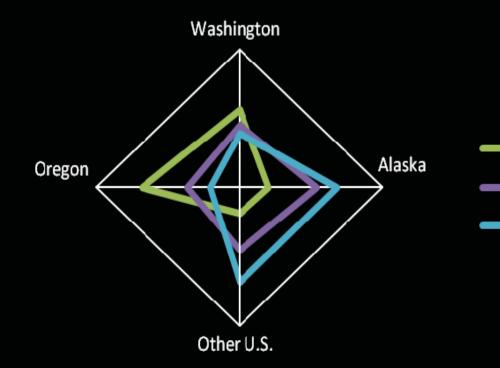
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Geographic Distribution of Vessel Ownership

- Regional concentration of vessel ownership
- Consolidation into fewer communities within regions
- Consolidation into larger communities within regions



Catcher Vessel Owner Shares: Initial Allocation, 2008/09, and 2010/11 **Shareholders (BBR South)**



Phase	Alaska	Washington	Oregon	Other U.S.
Initial Allocation	16.2%	69.3%	11.9%	2.6%
2008-2009	22.8%	64.8%	9.0%	3.5%
2010-2011	25.6%	62.6%	7.5%	4.3%

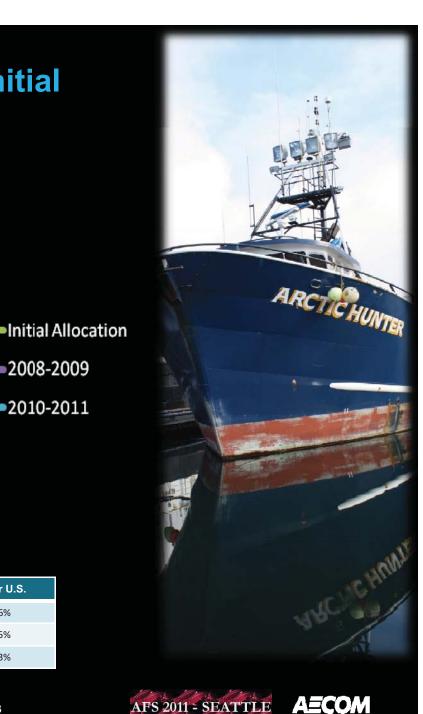
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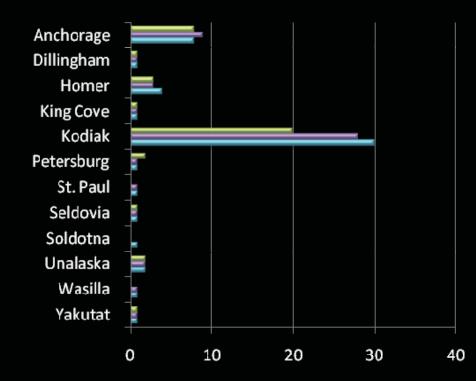
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2008-2009

2010-2011



Catcher Vessel Owner Shares: Initial Allocation, 2008/09, and 2010/11 **Shareholders (BBR South)**





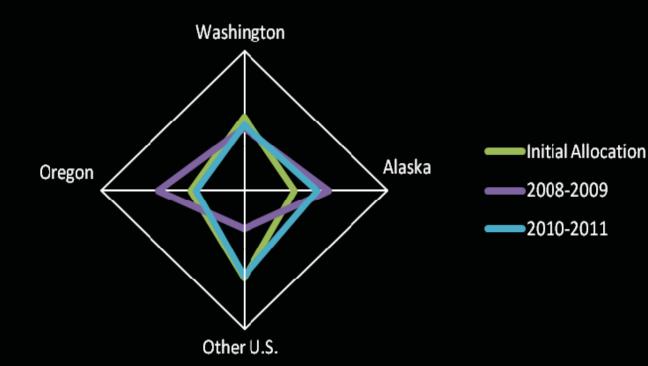
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Phase	Anchorage	Dillingham	Homer	King Cove	Kodiak	Petersburg	St. Paul	Seldovia	Soldotna	Unalaska	Wasilla	Yakutat
Initial Allocation	8	1	3	1	20	2	0	1	0	2	0	1
2008-2009	9	1	3	1	28	1	1	1	0	2	1	1
2010-2011	8	1	4	1	30	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
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Catcher Vessel Crew Shares: Initial Allocation, 2008/09, and 2010/11 Shareholders (BBR South)



Phase	Alaska	Washington	Oregon	Other U.S.
Initial Allocation	20.2%	63.7%	7.9%	8.2%
2008-2009	23.6%	61.0%	9.2%	6.2%
2010-2011	22.5%	61.7%	7.7%	8.1%

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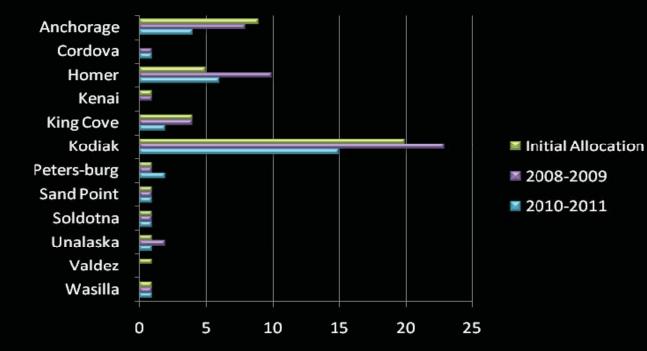
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Catcher Vessel Crew Shares: Initial Allocation, 2008/09, and 2010/11 Shareholders (BBR South)





Phase	Anchorage	Cordova	Homer	Kenai	King Cove	Kodiak	Peters- burg	Sand Point	Soldotna	Unalaska	Valdez	Wasilla
Initial Allocation	9	0	5	1	4	20	1	1	1	1	1	1
2008-2009	8	1	10	1	4	23	1	1	1	2	0	1
2010-2011	4	1	6	0	2	15	2	1	1	1	0	1

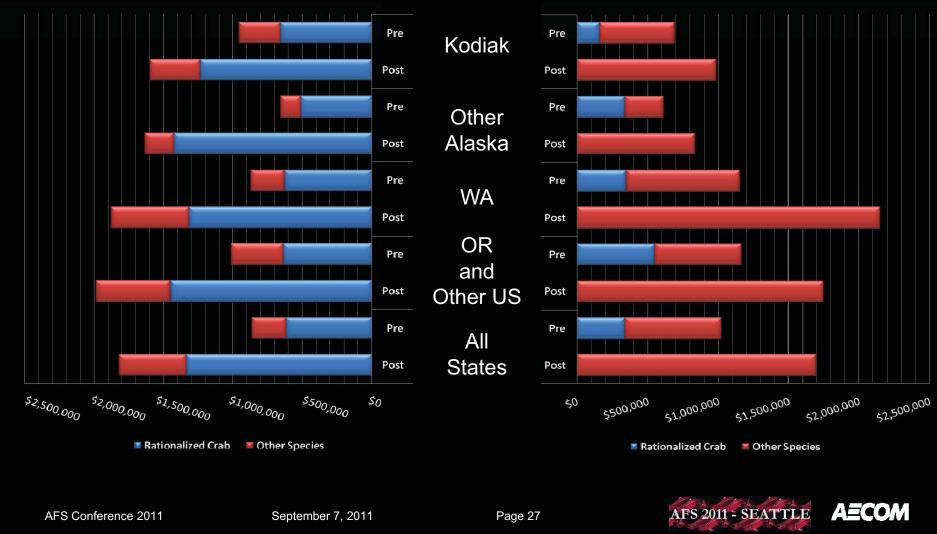
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Harvest Comparison of BSAI Crab Vessels In/Out of the Rationalized Crab Fisheries, Value per Vessel

Out Rationalized Crab

In Rationalized Crab



Other Issues: Nature of Crew and Community Engagement

- Captain and crew issues salient in few communities
 - Kodiak
 - King Cove
- Employment and economic plurality
 - Employment plurality remains a key strategy in rural communities with few steady opportunities
 - Economic plurality seen as key strategy for communities given short- and long-term resource fluctuations
- Employment incompatibility
 - includes participation in local commercial fisheries, among other income producing activities
 - extends to non-employment activity conflicts, including subsistence and family/community obligations



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Other Issues: Efficacy of Community Protection Measures

- Regionalization
 - Northern Region: landing requirements (Pribilof Islands)
 - Western Region: Adak
 - Landings requirement
 - Community allocation
 - Gulf of Alaska: Kodiak quota sweep-up
- Processing quota transfer restrictions
 - Few transfers through formal ROFR process
 - Forced divestitures have largely stayed local
 - Community definition: False Pass
- Community Development Quota
 - Expansion of quota percentage
 - Investments in crab fisheries



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Other Issues

- Processing employment not a substantial issue
- Arbitration system apparently functioning as designed
- Community protection measures were designed to protect then-participating entities
 - Community preclusion a concern, but difficult to measure
- C-share modification proposals would benefit current participants
 - historical participants who would have benefitted from a different initial allocation would not benefit
- Philosophical opposition to rationalization in some communities, independent of material benefit considerations



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Questions



